









STRONGER, SAFER, HEALTHIER

Strategies for Championing and Revitalizing Workplace Ergonomics

Steve Thompson, ARM, COSS, CCSHCO, CSHCO – Aspen Risk Management Group

STRONGER, SAFER, HEALTHIER

- Ergonomics defined
- Kickstarting and revitalizing
- Selling ergonomics
- Building a culture of ergonomic wellbeing



POLLING QUESTION

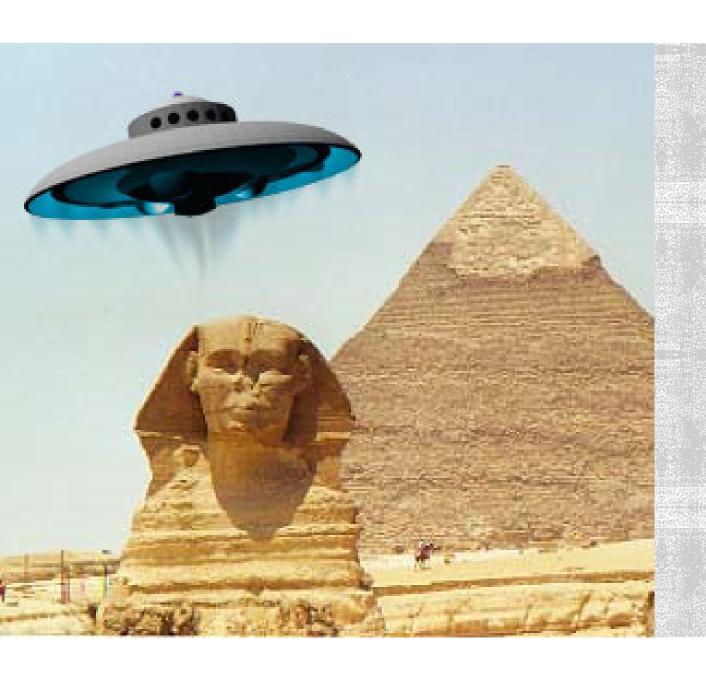


POLLING QUESTION

ERGONOMICS DEFINED

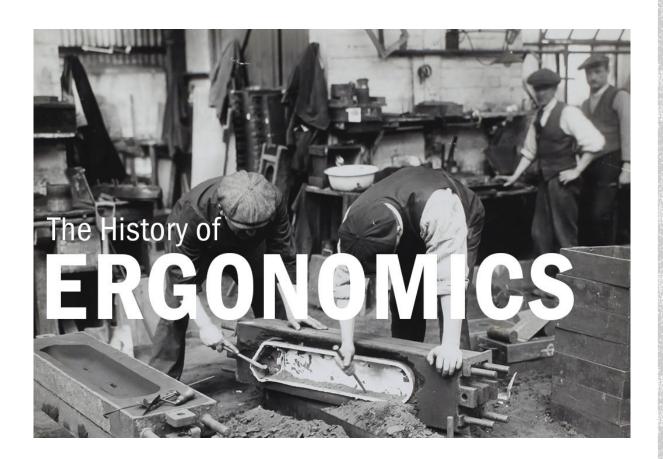
Fundamental ergonomics attempts to fit the task to the person

- adjusting the way work is done
- modifying equipment, job design, and layout
- adjusting for the physical capabilities of workers



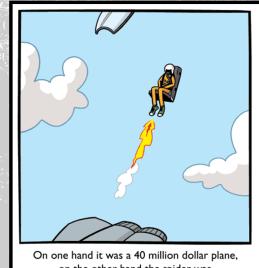
LAWS OF WORK

Were the pyramids built by man or aliens from another planet, or...



HISTORY

- 1857 Body relationship to productivity and efficiency
- 1900s Time and motion studies
 - The Jungle
 - Interventions
- 1950s Military applications
- 1980s Office ergonomics
- Today 24/7



On one hand it was a 40 million dollar plane, on the other hand the spider was **inside** the cockpit.



ASSESSING ERGONOMICS











Review loss history

Identify patterns and trends

Access work practices

Access culture

Focus on areas needing attention



INDIVIDUAL HEALTH RISK AND INJURY FACTORS

- Cigarette Smoking/Vaping smoking or vaping may be related to pain in the extremities, including the neck and back
- Strength the risk for musculoskeletal injuries can be three times greater in weaker subjects
- Anthropometry weight, height, body mass index, and obesity have all been identified as indicators for certain musculoskeletal disorders
- Physical Activity a lack (or over-exertion) of physical activity may increase susceptibility to injury (sedentary lifestyles?)



POLLING QUESTION

ASSESSING ERGONOMICS

• Before, after, and...

BEFORE/AFTER



BEFORE/AFTER



BEFORE/AFTER



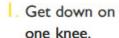
Short handled tools may put direct pressure



Using tools with longer handles may spread pressure over a larger area

LIFTING ALTERNATIVES







Pull bag up leg.



Rest bag on knee.



 Pull bag close to body and stand upright.



Pull bag up to waist height.

Lifting awkward loads (example of proper technique for a bag of cement)

- Use teamwork and mechanical aids such as a cart, wheelbarrow, or dolly
- Use 5-step lifting process

WIRE PULLING



Force and awkward posture while pulling wire by hand





- •Use a tugger or a hand tool
- Communication between puller and feeder

SHEET MATERIAL







Use a 3-point lift when handling plank or sheet material

1) Squat 2) Tilt on end 3) Lift

SHOVELING



Twisting the body while lifting a shovel



- When lifting, put weight on front foot
- Before throwing, shift weight to rear foot
- · When throwing, turn front foot in the direction of the throw.

REACHING



Working overhead and reaching for long periods of time



- Use a ladder, scaffold, or scissor lift
- Stay close to the work
- Use lighter-weight tools

MODIFICATIONS







Solo lifting or carrying loads that are too heavy

- Teamwork with coordinated movements
- Carts and other moving devices

BENDING/STOOPING









ANALYSIS



Notes: (a) Stoop posture; (b) squat posture. +ve and -ve represent flexion and extension trunk movements in the cartesian plane, respectively

MODIFICATIONS



Bent or stooped posture for extended period





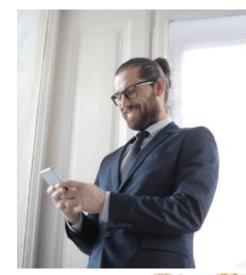
- Change positions (sit or kneel with knee pads)
- Alternate bending with non-bending tasks

SOME THINGS NOT TO DO

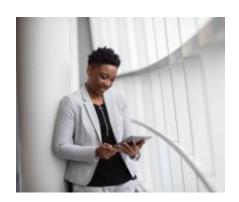
... other than for <u>a few seconds</u> to scan an email heading or image

• Neck flexion / posture













MODERN THINKER

- Hunched over
- · Outstretched arms
- Neck / back posture







... other than for <u>a few seconds</u> to read an email heading or look at an image

YOUR THOUGHTS

- Posture
- Interaction with electronic devices
- Sedentary lifestyle





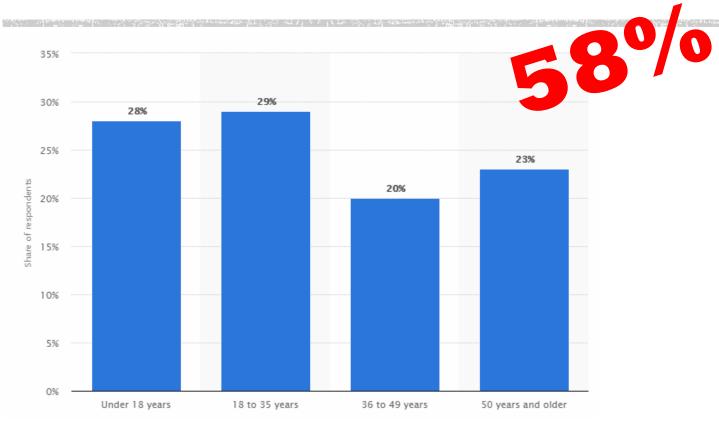


IMPACT OF SEDENTARY EVENTS

- Sedentary workforce
- "Office work" is frequently ignored (versus "high hazard" work)
- "Remote work"
- "Explosion" of social networking/communication
- Gaming



AGE BREAKDOWN OF GAMERS IN US



MELDING OF WORK, NON-WORK ACTIVITIES

- Employer is most likely liable for injuries that occur at home/remotely
- "Daily" oversight of teleworkers is difficult
- With mobile devices... houses, cars, subways, libraries, bars, airports, parks, beach, etc.
- Email when on vacation... home ill, or at kid's b-day party?
- 24/7 global economy

The lines between work and personal time are now permanently blurred



POLLING QUESTION

KICKSTARTING AND REVITALIZING

Do Ergonomic Interventions Work

Common Ergonomic Intervention Programs (EIP)

- Artisan laborer to journeyman
- Landscaping
- Agriculture

- Factory/Warehouse
- Driving
- Industrial
- Construction
- Vehicle Design

DO ERGONOMIC INTERVENTIONS WORK



Yes, No, Not Sure - What does your gut tell you



What do the financials tell you



Is there any research that supports EIP

MOST STUDIES LACKING



INACCURACIES, MISCALCULATIONS, OR OUTRIGHT FRAUD

WATCH FOR

- * CLINICAL STUDIES WITH SMALL NUMBERS OF PARTICIPANTS.
- * BEWARE OF CLAIMS BASED ON SUBGROUP RESULTS (LARGE STUDIES)
- * BE SKEPTICAL ABOUT HEALTH CLAIMS BASED ON ANIMAL/ LAB STUDIES
- * BEWARE OF "CAUSE AND EFFECT" INTERPRETATIONS
- * BEWARE OF HEALTH CLAIMS BASED ON EARLY-PHASE CLINICAL

RETURN TO WORK (TWO-YEAR STUDY)

WE DON'T KNOW IF WORKFORCE WAS STATIC/CONSISTENT

- Workers suffering low back pain (LBP) for 3-4 months
- Ergonomic interventions varied (assessments, training, workstation/tool changes)
- Workdays missed with workplace adaptation 206 days
- Workdays missed without workplace adaptation 311 days
- Results suggest that ergonomic interventions MAY BE effective on return to work due to LBP



6 Months



Engaged Leadership/Management



Safety Committee Training (two-day workshops)



Ergonomic checklist development and action plan



18 Months



Implementation of corrective measures

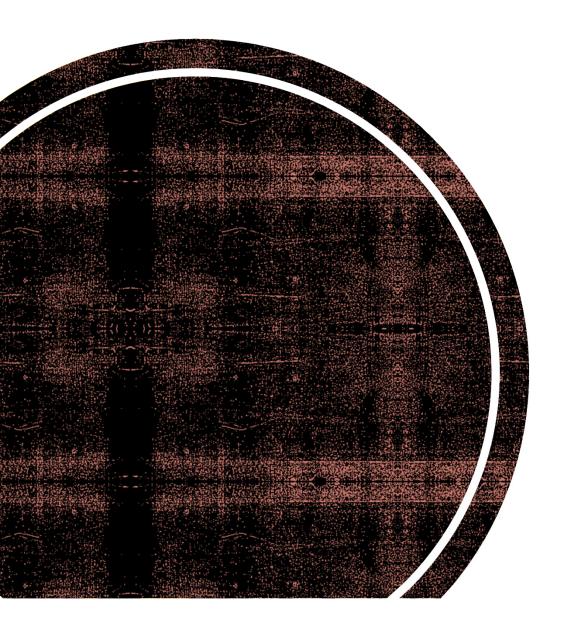
Assessing the effectiveness of an ergonomics intervention program with a participatory approach: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8629733/

INJURY REDUCTION (TWO-YEAR STUDY)

We don't know if workforce was static/consistent

MSD before interventions = 430 # MSD after interventions = 295

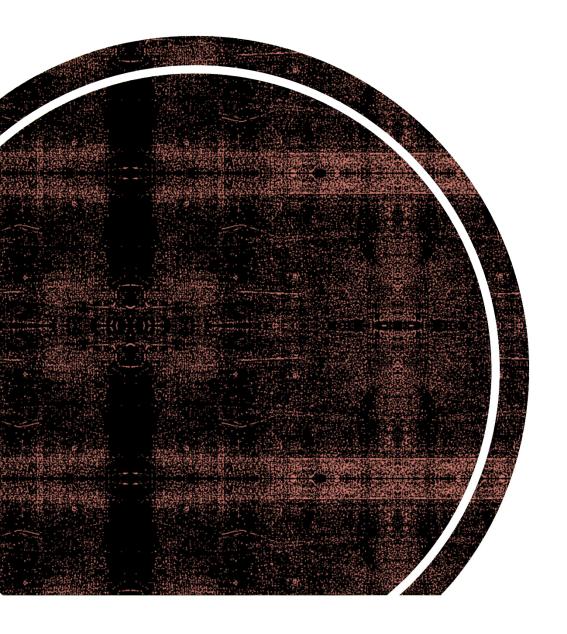
Body regions	Before	After	p value*
	intervention	intervention	
	number (%)	number (%)	
Neck	170 (39)	46 (18.6)	0.001
Shoulders	134 (30.7)	45 (18.2)	0.105
Elbows	77 (17.7)	15 (6.1)	0.002
wrist/hands	107 (24.5)	27 (10.9)	0.006
Upper back	137 (31.4)	27 (10.9)	< 0.001
Lower back	203 (46.6)	58 (23.5)	0.001
Thighs	58 (13.3)	23 (9.3)	0.001
Knees	142 (32.6)	46 (18.6)	0.008
ankle/foot	138 (31.7)	41 (16.6)	0.020



COMMON EIPS (ARTISAN — LABORER TO JOURNEYMAN)

- 1. Ergonomic Hand Tools
- 2. Adjustable Workbenches and Tool Stations
- 3. Mechanical Assistance for Heavy Lifting
- 4. Proper Lifting and Carrying Techniques Training
- 5. Ergonomic Seating for Precision Work
- 6. Task-Specific Lighting

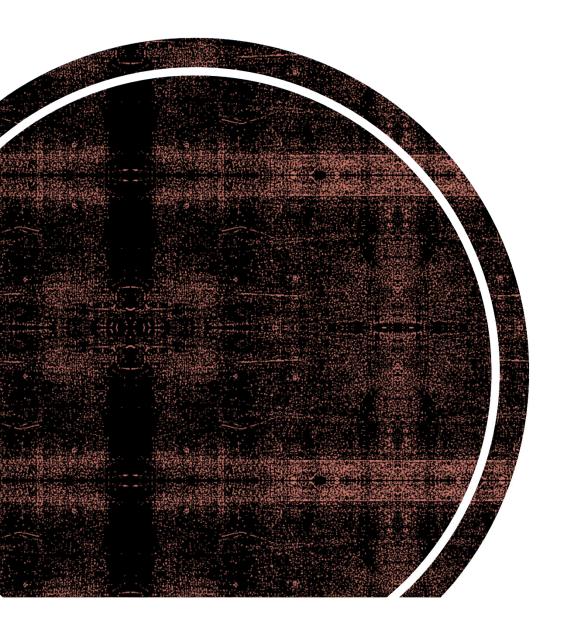
- 7. Anti-Vibration Gloves
- 8. Ergonomic Power Tools
- 9. Climate-Appropriate Clothing
- 10. Task Rotation and Job Enrichment
- 11. Ergonomic Flooring
- 12. Noise Reduction Measures
- 13. Ergonomic Seating in Break Areas
- 14. Tool Organization Systems



COMMON EIPS (LANDSCAPING)

- 1. Ergonomic Tools and Equipment
- 2. Mechanical Assistance for Heavy Tasks
- Adjustable Workstations
- 4. Proper Lifting and Carrying Techniques Training
- Ergonomic Seating in Break Areas 13. Noise Reduction Measures
- 6. Anti-Vibration Gloves
- 7. Climate-Appropriate Clothing

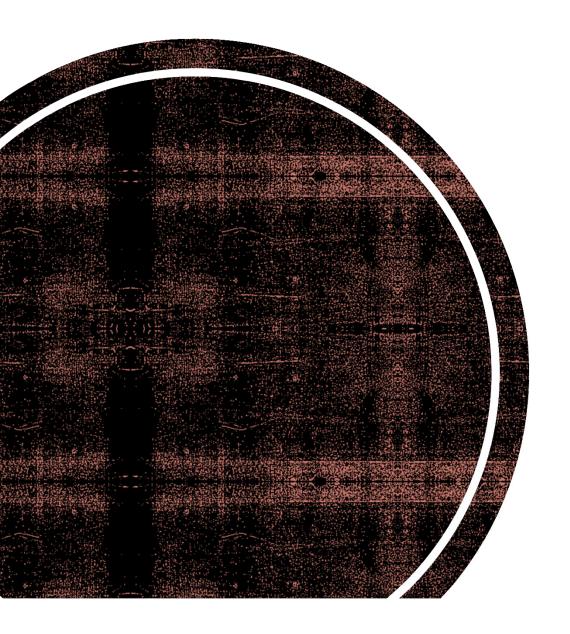
- 8. Ergonomic Backpacks or Carriers
- 9. Ergonomic Seating for Vehicles
- 10. Ergonomic Posture Training
- 11. Task Rotation and Job Enrichment
- 12. Footwear with Arch Support
- 14. Ergonomic Gardening Equipment



COMMON EIPS (AGRICULTURE)

- 1. Mechanical Harvesting Equipment
- 2. Ergonomic Hand Tools
- 3. Adjustable Seating for Tractors and Machinery
- 4. Mechanical Assistance for Heavy Lifting
- 5. Ergonomic Crop Planting and Harvesting Techniques Training
- 6. Ergonomic Containers and Bins
- 7. Climate Control Measures

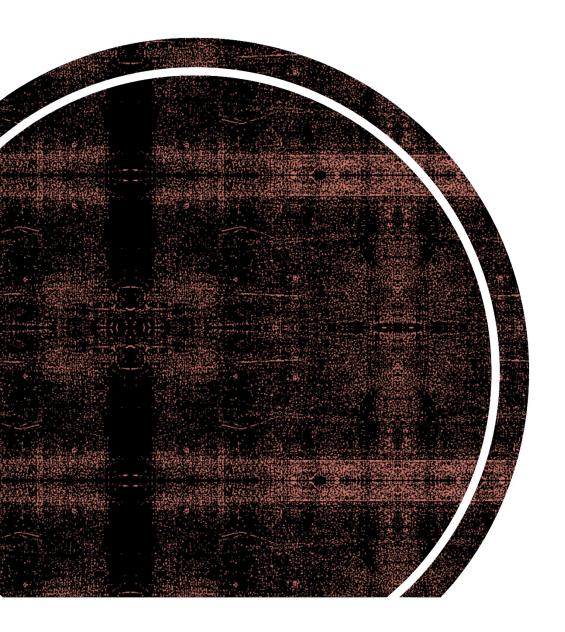
- 8. Ergonomic Seating in Rest Areas
- 9. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- 10. Task Rotation and Job Enrichment
- 11. Proper Tool Maintenance
- 12. Ergonomic Transportation Options
- 13. Ergonomic Posture Training
- 14. Safety Education Programs



COMMON EIPS (FACTORY/WAREHOUSE)

- 1. Material Handling Equipment
- 2. Adjustable Workstations
- 3. Anti-Fatigue Mats
- 4. Ergonomic Lifting Techniques Training
- 5. Ergonomic Tools and Equipment
- 6. Task Rotation and Job Enrichment
- 7. Mechanical Assistance for Repetitive Tasks

- 8. Lighting and Visibility Improvements
- 9. Climate Control Measures
- 10. Ergonomic Seating in Break Areas
- 11. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- 12. Noise Reduction Measures
- 13. Ergonomic Flooring
- 14. Ergonomic Feedback Systems



COMMON EIPS (DRIVING)

1. Ergonomic Seating

2. Adjustable Steering Wheel and Controls

3. Seat Cushions and Back Supports

4. Regular Breaks and Stretching Programs

5. Ergonomic Dashboard Design

6. Cabin Climate Control

7. Lumbar Roll or Pillow

8. In-Cabin Exercise Equipment

9. Ergonomic Steering Techniques Training

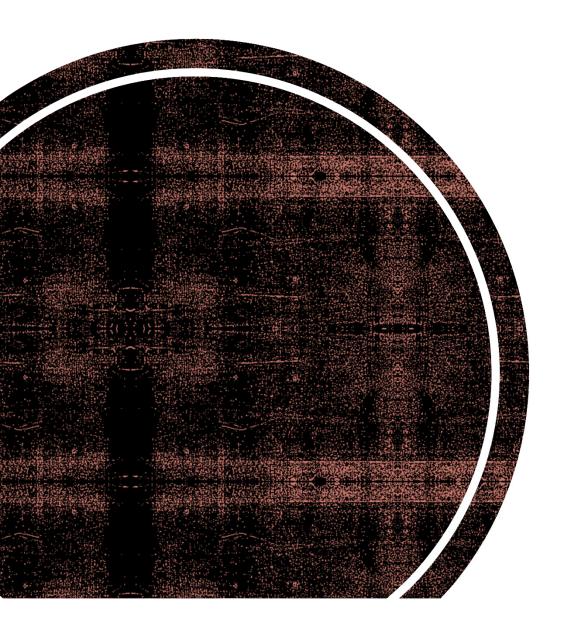
10. Noise Reduction Measures

11. Driver Wellness Programs

2. Fatigue Monitoring Systems

13. Accessible Storage Solutions

14. Ergonomic Sleep Environment



COMMON EIPS (INDUSTRIAL)

- 1. Adjustable Workstations
- 2. Proper Tool Design
- 3. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- 4. Lifting Aids and Equipment
- 5. Anti-Fatigue Mats
- 6. Task Rotation and Job Enrichment
- 7. Training Programs

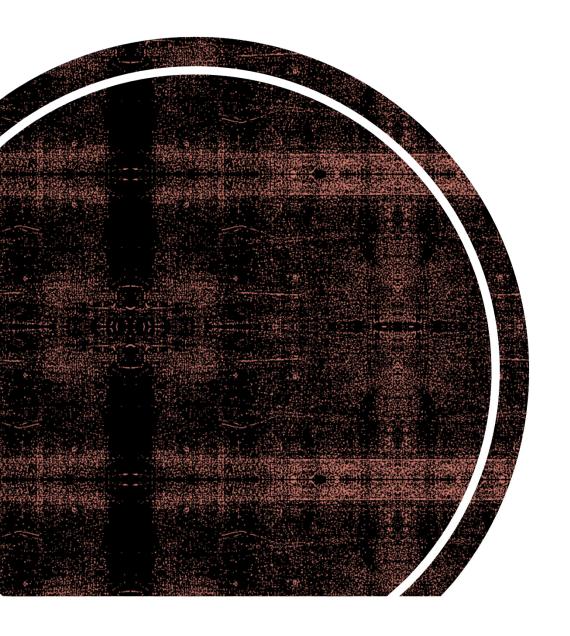
- 8. Stretching and Warm-Up Programs
- 9. Ergonomic Assessments
- 10. Workplace Design
- 11. Break and Rest Areas
- 12. Employee Involvement
- 13. Feedback Mechanisms
- 14. Continuous Improvement Initiatives



COMMON EIPS (CONSTRUCTION)

- 1. Vibration-Dampening Tools
- 2. Knee Pads and Cushioned Flooring
- 3. Body Harnesses and Fall Protection
- 4. Tool Belts and Weight Distribution
- 5. Portable Shade and Rest Areas
- 6. Adjustable Scaffolding and Platforms
- 7. Ergonomic Handles for Hand Tools

- 8. Proper Lifting and Carrying Techniques Training
- 9. Ergonomic Seating in Vehicles
- 10. Hearing Protection and Communication Devices
- 11. Worksite Organization
- 12. Anti-Slip Footwear
- 13. Task-Specific Ergonomic Tools
- 14. Real-Time Feedback Devices



COMMON EIPS (VEHICLE DESIGN)

- 1. Ergonomic Truck/Van Design
- 2. Adjustable Shelving and Storage
- Lift-Assist Systems
- Sliding Platforms
- **Drawer Organizers**
- 7. Anti-Slip Surfaces

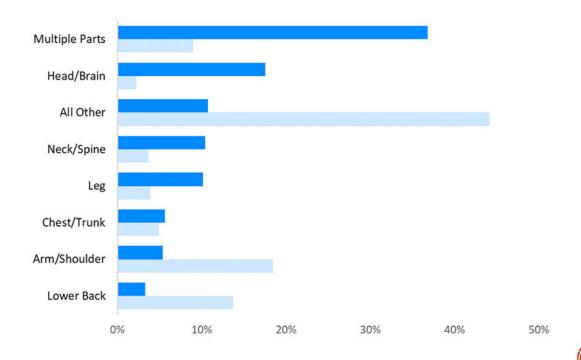
- 8. Ergonomic Straps and Tie-Downs
- 9. Assistive Devices for Ladders
- 10. Ergonomic Seating in the Cab
- 11. Backup Cameras and Sensors
- 12. Weather Protection
- Ergonomic Handles on Equipment 13. Training on Safe Lifting Techniques
 - 14. Regular Maintenance of Equipment



POLLING QUESTION

- 1. Data-driven approach
- 2. ROI focus
 - https://www.pshfes.org/cost-calculator
- 3. Strategic alignment
- 4. Compliance assurance
 - OSHA and other regulations
- 5. Ethical Responsibility and Employee Well-being
 - Moral, Legal, and Ethical considerations
- 6. Long-Term Health and Productivity
- 7. Recruiting and Retention
- 8. Company Reputation

Data-driven approach



Data-driven approach

- 40% of WC costs = musculoskeletal disorders
- Cisco and Accenture pilot studies (10,000 EEs)
 - Persistent discomfort pulled off task 5 minutes out every 15 minutes
 - Lost time/day/employee: 2.6 hours
 - Lost time/week/employee: 13 hours
- 62% decrease in reported discomfort
- 39% decrease in claims for ergonomic injuries

Strains, sprains, and discomfort

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ROI focus

https://www.pshfes.org/cost-calculator



ROI focus

https://www.pshfes.org/cost-calculator

Cornell Ergonomics ROI Estimator	Values
Enter average annual salary	0
Enter # employees	0
Enter expected % productivity increase	0
Enter cost per employee of the	
ergonomics intervention	0
1 year ROI (%)	NaN
3 years ROI (%)	NaN
Payback period (months)	NaN

	Number of e	employees in th	nis job/de	ept./org.:		
Average hourly salary for these employees:					per hour	
Number of WM	MSD claims f	or this job/ dep	t./ org. p	er year:		
This past yea	ır: Type	Back strain	-	Number	Typical costs:	\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	~	Number		\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	-	Number		\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	~	Number		\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	~	Number		\$ -
					Total costs for year:	\$ -
The year before	е: Туре	Back strain	▼	Number	Typical costs:	\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	▼	Number		\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	~	Number		\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	▼	Number		\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	~	Number		\$ -
					Total costs for year:	\$ -
2 years before	е: Туре	Back strain	▼	Number	Typical costs:	\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	▼	Number		\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	▼	Number		\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	~	Number		\$ -
	Туре	Back strain	—	Number		\$ -
					Total costs for year:	\$ -

Average annual WMSD claim costs: \$

Estimated annual indirect costs: \$

Strategic alignment

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"At GPC, our culture is all about being true to ourselves, living our values, and doing the right thing for each other and our customers. We take the well-being of everyone on our team to heart because we're not just parts."

- 1. Compliance assurance
 - OSHA and other regulations

OSHA fines Suamico company \$180,000 for repeated fall protection failures

Dollar General has paid a fraction of the \$21 million it owes in fines for hazardous working conditions

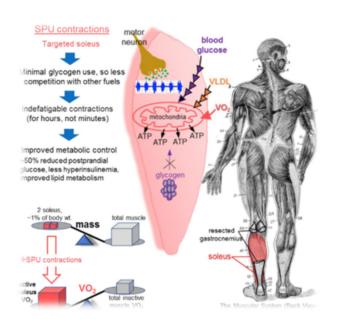


Ethical Responsibility and Employee Well-being

Moral, Legal, and Ethical considerations





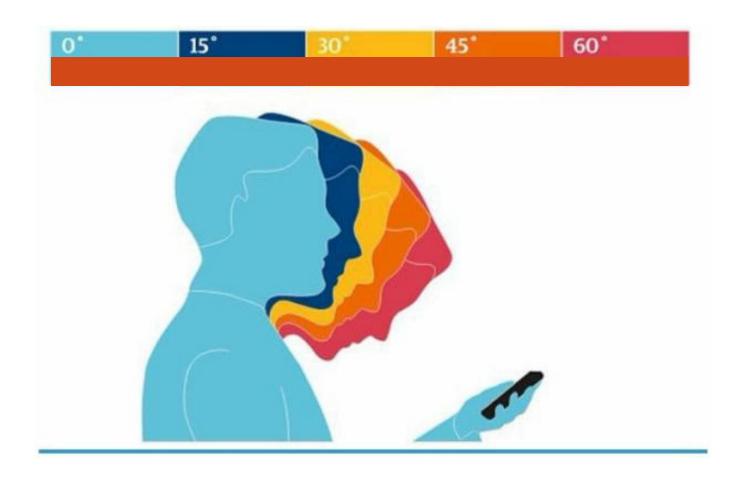


THE SOLEUS MUSCLE

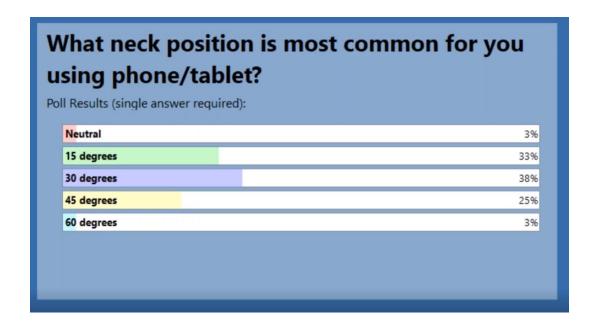
Micro Exercise – of the soleus muscle (beneath/part of the calf muscle)

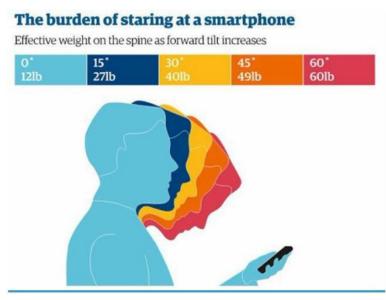
- Stabilizes the body while walking, standing
- Study conducted on people who sit much of the day
- Soleus oxidative metabolism
 - lowers blood sugar
 - Improves glucose and lipid regulation
- Soleus pushup (up to 270 minutes)
 - 52% less increase in blood sugar

NECK POSITION



HOW DO YOU COMPARE (2 YEARS OF DATA)





Guardian Graphic. Source: Surgical Technology International

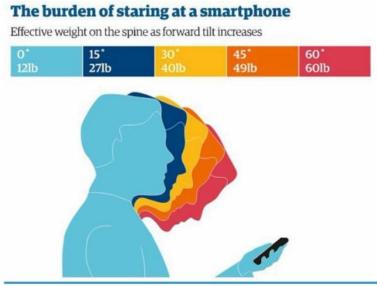
25 pounds = an average 2-year-old | 33 pounds = a cinder block

36 pounds = a mid-size microwave | 40 pounds = a 5-gallon bottle of water

50 pounds = a small bale of hay | 55 pounds = a 5000 BTU air conditioner

BEST PRACTICES SMART PHONE / TABLET

- When sitting, maintain comfortable and natural posture
- When holding the tablet, keep your elbows close to your body and vary the tablet position. Limit activities that may cause neck problems – when possible, bring your phone closer to eye level
- Switch hands to keep neck postures healthy
- Limit postures that cause you to lean or hunch forward
- Take a short (1-2 minute break) for every 15-30 minutes
- Integrate stretching of your neck muscles regularly take a short (1-2 minute break) for every 15-30 minutes. Take regular breaks from prolonged sitting
- Don't cradle phone
- Support arm



Guardian Graphic. Source: Surgical Technology International

25 pounds = an average 2-year-old | 33 pounds = a cinder block

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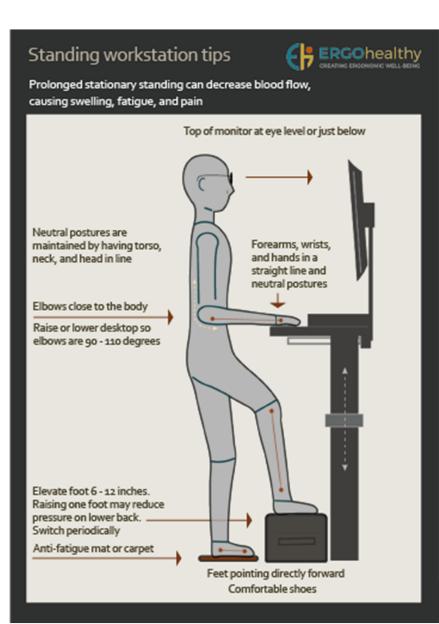
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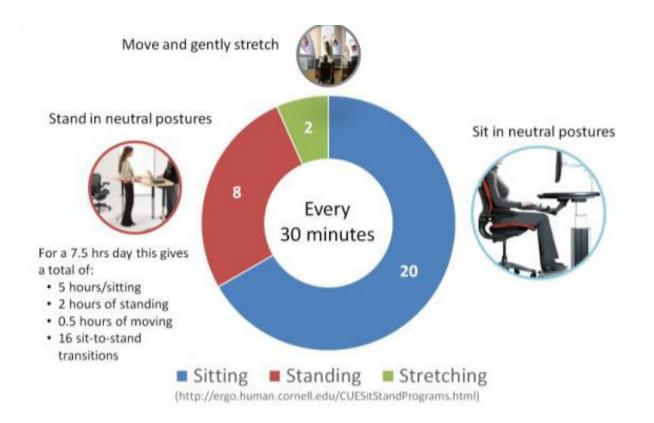
BEST PRACTICES – STANDING / SIT-STAND

- Change positions frequently when standing for prolonged periods
- Use a footrest/stool/box (approximately six inches) to propone foot up, and switch sides every so often
- Vary tasks to avoid static postures
- Work on a carpet pad or mat. Wear shoes in most cases
- Alternate mouse between right and left
- Limit postures that cause you to lean or hunch forward

Additional Considerations

- Prolonged standing for some may have health risks
- Can be difficult for single laptop into ergonomic position





SIT-STAND GUIDANCE (CORNELL UNIVERSITY)

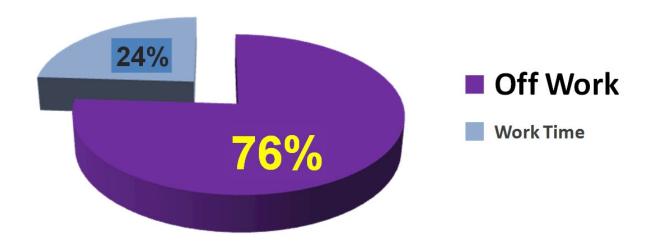
- 30-minute period
- 20 minutes sitting (in a good posture)
- 8 minutes standing (for sit-stand workstations)
- 2 minutes of standing and moving

For a 7.5 hours workday (lunch is excluded) this means a daily regimen with a total of 5 hours of sitting, 16 sit-to-stand changes, 2 hours of standing and .5 hours of moving.



HOW MUCH TIME IS (REALLY) SPENT AT WORK

- 24 hours/day X 7 days = 168 total hours
- Average work hours = 40/week
- 40 work hours per week / 168 total hours = 24%



BEST PRACTICES - ERGO CHAMP ©

- ERGO BREAK. Take a short (3–5 minute break) for every hour of sitting
- REMOVE or lower armrests from chair especially if they block arm motions or prevent from being close enough to keyboard, pad, or mouse
- GO gentle on yourself ergonomics is not a perfect science
- OUTSIDE the box thinking it's ok use common sense. For example, rotate between your right and left hand for mouse use
- COMFORT. Find your place of comfort. Is it sitting with back support; unsupported sitting more forward, or is it a combination of both
- HANG the arms straight down at your side for 60 seconds every hour
- ACTIVITY. Use ergo techniques for away-from-work activities
- MIX it up. Your base position of comfort is your go-to place... but it's ok to occasionally hunch, or bend, or tilt throughout the day
- POSTURE. Integrate GREAT POSTURE! Head sitting upright on your shoulders, and shoulders over your hips



Arms hanging straight at side





BUILDING A CULTURE OF ERGONOMIC WELLBEING

COMMON CULTURE ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES

- Peer-to-Peer Observations
- Camera Observations
- Leading / Lagging Indicators





BEHAVIORS/CULTURES THAT PREVENT INJURIES



CARING

A safety culture is part of an organization where people look out for the safety and welfare of others.



LISTENING

Mindful listening is fully concentrating on what is being said rather than just passively "hearing."







LEARNING

Learning is **NOT** telling nor training.

Learning is discovery, observation, and trial and error.





HELPING

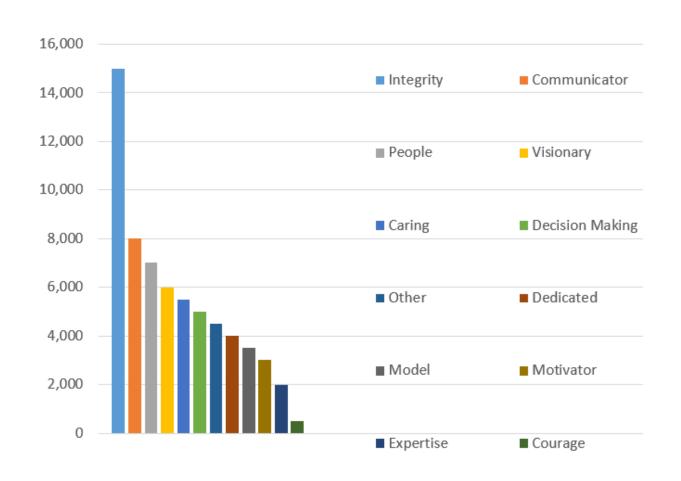
Teamwork helps move a safety program forward.

It's about exploring, understanding, and acting.





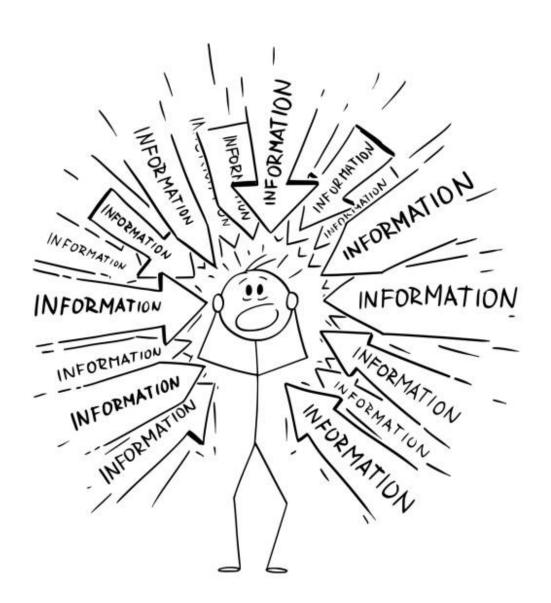
WHAT MAKES A GREAT SUPERVISOR OR MANAGER



10 ERGONOMIC CULTURE CHANGE STRATEGIES

- 1. Ergonomic Pledge at Hiring
- 2. Commitment Cards
- 3. Ergonomics Mentorship Program
- 4. Ergonomic Recognition Program
- 5. Interactive Ergonomic Workshops

- 6. Ergonomic Task Forces
- 7. Continuous Feedback Mechanism
- 8. Ergonomic Challenges and Competitions
- 9. Ergonomics Scorecards
- 10. Ergonomic Leadership Development



WE LOVE FEEDBACK

Tell us one thing you learned today





THANK YOU!







STRONGER, SAFER, HEALTHIER

Strategies for Championing and Revitalizing Workplace Ergonomics

Steve Thompson, ARM, COSS, CCSHCO, CSHCO – Aspen Risk Management Group